



**B.A. Program
(Course:Sociology)
Rashtrasant Tukadoji Maharaj Nagpur University
Nagpur**



**Syllabus for B.A. Sociology
(All semesters)
(2022 -23)
Curriculum Specifics
(Program Specific Objectives and Outcomes, Course Objectives
and Course Outcomes)**

[Handwritten Signature]
25/09/22

[Handwritten Signature]

[Handwritten Signature]
D.K. SONGAR

[Handwritten Signature]

[Handwritten Signature]

[Handwritten Signature]

Semester 1 : Bachelor in Arts (B.A.)

Subject : Sociology

Name of Course : Introduction of Sociological Concepts

Code of Course : BCC-1

Type of Course : Core Elective

MARKS: 80

Syllabus of Course

Unit 1. Culture and Society:

- A. Meaning, definition and characteristics of culture.
- B. Elements of culture: Cognitive elements, beliefs, values and norms, and signs.
- C. Culture and ways of individual behaviour and personality.

Unit 2. Social structure:

- A. Group-Subgroup and Non-Groups, Structural Norms and Values, Roles and Role Sets, and Status and Status Sets
- B. Characteristics of Social Structures Boundaries, Roles Structure, Structures of Affection, Power and Prestige, Communication, relationship
- C. Forms of Social Structure: Patriarchal, Feudal Caste, Capitalist Class

Unit 3. Social Stratification:

- A. Difference between Social differentiation and social stratification.
- B. Social Stratification: Meaning, definition and unequal distribution of Powers and Authorities

C. Forms of Social Stratification: Caste, Class and Gender

Unit 4. Concept of Gender

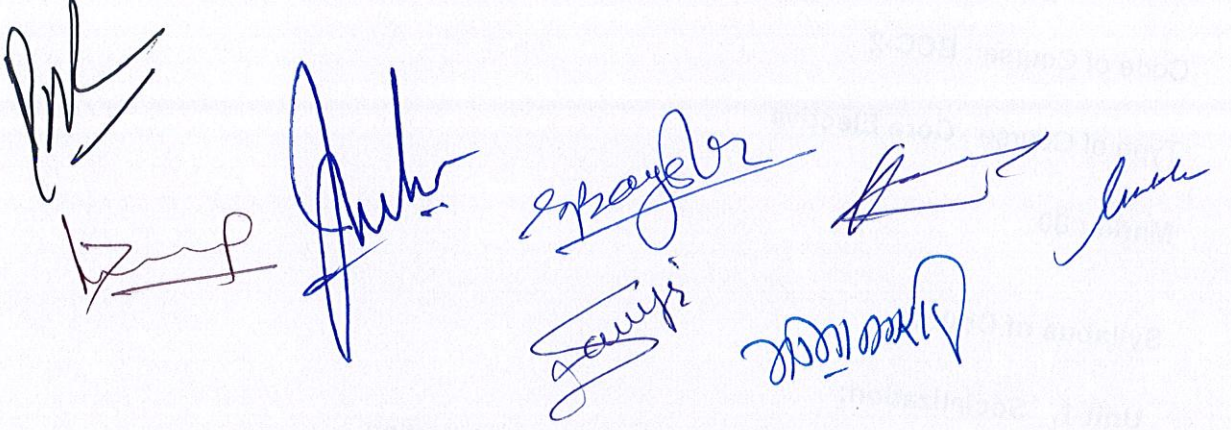
- A. Definition and Meaning of Gender, MFLGBTQAQI+
- B. Gender and Culture : Language, Belief-Masculine & Feminine, Values, attitudes and Norms
- C. Gender and Structure : Roles, status and social identity, division of labour, power : patriarchy and matriarchy

Suggested Readings

1. Bottomore, T.B., Sociology: A guide to problems and literature, George Allen and Unwin (India), Bombay, 1972.
2. Harlambos Michael, Martin Holborn and Robin Heald, 2000, Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, Collins.
3. Inkeles, Alex, What is Sociology? Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1987.
4. Jayaram, N., Introductory Sociology, Macmillan India, Madras, 1988.
5. Johnson, Harry M., Sociology: A Systematic Introduction, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1995.
6. Schaefer, Richard T. and Robert P. Lamm, Sociology, Tata-McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1999.
7. Ghode R.N., and BhauDaydar, Sociology: Basic concepts, S. Spectrum Publication, Nagpur.
8. Melvin M. Tumin, Social Stratification, Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.
9. Vivek, P.S., Sociological Perspectives and Indian Sociology, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 2002.
10. Vaidya, N. S., Samajshastra, VidyaPrakashan, RuikarMarg, Nagpur.
11. Daydar, Bhau; Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, Shri Sahitya Kendra, Nagpur
12. Sharma K.L. Social Inequality in India, Ravat Publications, Jaipur, 2017

13. दुधे, मेश्राम, बोरकर आणि सोनटक्के, समाजशास्त्र - विषय आणि संकल्पना, जी.सी. पब्लिशर्स,
नागपूर

14. आगलावे, प्रदीप, समाजशास्त्र - विषय आणि संकल्पना, श्री साईनाथ प्रकाशन, नागपूर



Semester 2 : Bachelor in Arts (B.A.)

Subject : **Sociology**

Name of Course : **Introduction of Social Processes**

Code of Course : **BCC-2**

Type of Course : **Core Elective**

Marks: 80

Syllabus of Course

Unit 1. Socialization:

- A. Meaning, processes and importance of socialization.
- B. Agencies of socialization: Family, education, religion, peer group and mass media.
- C. Socialization and Construction of Caste, Class, Gender and Religion

Unit 2. Social Change:

- A. Culture, Structure and Social Change : Cultural and Structural sources of change
- B. Education and Social Change : Change in attitude, culture, structure and opportunities
- C. Westernization, Sanskritization, Urbanization, Multiculturalism and Modernity

Unit 3. Social Movements

- A. Meaning of Social Movements, Collective Behaviour and Social Movements
- B. Types of Social Movements: Revolutionary, Counter-revolutionary, Reform, Resistance, Expressive, etc.
- C. Causes of Social Movements

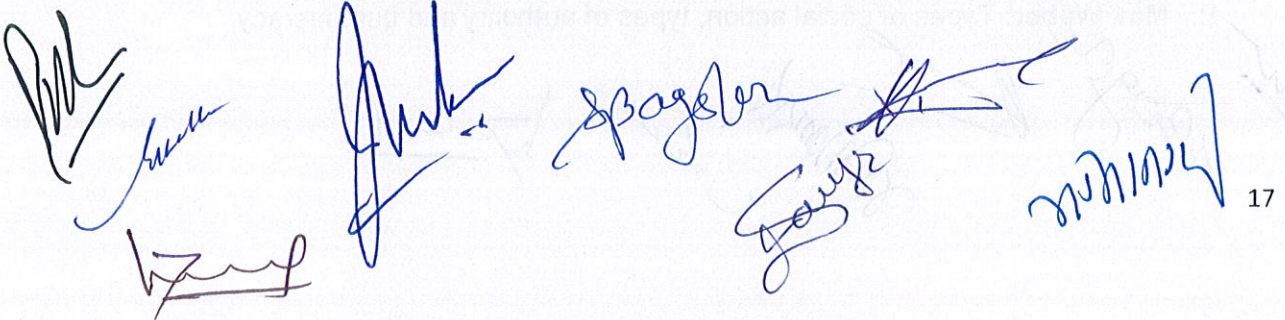
Unit 4. Social Deviation and Social Control:

- A. Social deviance and conformity: Meaning and definition, causes of and measures to check deviant behaviour. Factors promoting conformity.

- B. Anomie and social deviation, social structure and social deviation.
- C. Social Control: Meaning, definition and means – formal and informal means.

Suggested Readings

1. Bottomore, T.B., Sociology: A guide to problems and literature, George Allen and Unwin (India), Bombay, 1972.
2. Harlambos Michael, Martin Holborn and Robin Heald, 2000, Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, Collins.
3. Inkeles, Alex., What is Sociology? Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1987.
4. Jayaram, N., Introductory Sociology, Macmillan India, Madras, 1988.
5. Johnson, Harry M., Sociology: A Systematic Introduction, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1995.
6. Schaefer, Richard T. and Robert P. Lamm, Sociology, Tata-McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1999.
7. Ghode R.N., and BhauDaydar, Sociology: Basic concepts, S. Spectrum Publication, Nagpur.
8. Melvin M. Tumin, Social Stratification, Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.
9. Ronald S. Edari, Social Change, WM. C. Brown Company Publishers, 1976.
10. Vivek, P.S., Sociological Perspectives and Indian Sociology, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 2002.
11. Vaidya, N. S., Samajshastra, VidyaPrakashan, RuikarMarg, Nagpur.
12. Mukhopadhyay, Aditya,. Social Movements in India, Pearson, New Delhi, 2012
13. दुधे, मेश्राम, बोरकर आणि सोनटक्के, समाजशास्त्र – विषय आणि संकल्पना, जी.सी. पब्लिशर्स, नागपूर
14. आगलावे, प्रदीप, समाजशास्त्र – विषय आणि संकल्पना, श्री साईनाथ प्रकाशन, नागपूर



Semester 3 : Bachelor in Arts (B.A.)

Subject : Sociology

Name of Course : Foundations of Sociological Thought

Code of Course : BCC-3

Type of Course : Core Elective

Marks: 80

Syllabus of Course

Unit 1. Emergence of Sociology as a Discipline:

- A. Socio-Economic and Political Conditions leading to the Emergence of Sociology
- B. Renaissance and Sociology: Enlightenment, Reason, Empiricism, Idealism, Rationalism, Humanism and Attitude of Scientific Enquiry

Unit 2. Founders of Sociology: I

- A. **August Comte:** Views on positivism and law of three stages of society.
- B. **Herbert Spencer:** Organic analogy, theory of social evolution, military and Industrial society.

3. Founders of Sociology: II

- A. **G H Mead:** Mind, Self- 'I', 'Me' and Generalized other, Functions of Self, Society
- B. **Emile Durkheim:** Types of suicide, religion and its functions.

4. Founders of Sociological Thought: III

- A. **Karl Marx:** Capitalism and its criticism, class and class struggle
- B. **Max Weber:** Types of social action, types of authority and bureaucracy.